

Cryptography

Solutions for Exercise Sheet 8 will be discussed on January 12, 2021

Exercise 8.2

Prove that the encrypt-then-authenticate-scheme is unforgeable if provided with any encryption scheme (even if not CPA-secure) and any secure MAC.

SOLUTION: Let $\mathcal{E} = (\text{gen}, \text{enc}, \text{dec})$ be a private-key encryption scheme and $\mathcal{E}' = (\text{gen}', \text{mac}, \text{val})$ a secure message authentication scheme. The authenticated encryption scheme $\underline{\mathcal{E}} = (\underline{\text{gen}}, \underline{\text{enc}}, \underline{\text{dec}})$ is defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{K \times K'}(\langle k, k' \rangle) &= P_K(k) \cdot P_{K'}(k') \\ \underline{\text{enc}}_{\langle k, k' \rangle}(m) &= \langle c, c' \rangle \text{ with } c = \text{enc}_k(m), c' = \text{mac}_{k'}(c) \\ \underline{\text{dec}}_{\langle k, k' \rangle}(\langle c, c' \rangle) &= \begin{cases} \text{dec}_k(c) & \text{if } \text{val}_{k'}(c, c') = 1 \\ \perp & \text{else} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Let \mathcal{A} be a PPT adversary with access to an encryption oracle. Assume \mathcal{A} asks the oracle for encryption of the messages $Q = \{m_1, \dots, m_l\}$ and receives $\langle c_1, c'_1 \rangle, \dots, \langle c_l, c'_l \rangle$. Let $\langle c, c' \rangle$ be the ciphertext outputted by \mathcal{A} .

We want to show that

$$\text{P}[\text{Forge}_{\underline{\mathcal{E}}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{ENC}}] \simeq 0$$

Set $m = \underline{\text{dec}}_{\langle k, k' \rangle}(\langle c, c' \rangle)$.

Consider the case $c \notin \{c_1, \dots, c_l\}$:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{P}[\text{Forge}_{\underline{\mathcal{E}}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{ENC}}] &= \text{P}[m \neq \perp \wedge m \notin Q] \\ &\leq \text{P}[m \neq \perp] \\ &= \text{P}[\text{val}_{k'}(c, c') = 1 \wedge \text{dec}_k(c) \neq \perp] \\ &\leq \underbrace{\text{P}[\text{val}_{k'}(c, c') = 1]}_{\text{because } \mathcal{E}' \text{ is a secure MAC}} \simeq 0 \end{aligned}$$

and the case $c = c_i$ for one $1 \leq i \leq l$:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{P}[\text{Forge}_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{ENC}}] &= \text{P}[m \neq \perp \wedge m \notin Q] \\ &\leq \text{P}[m \notin Q] \\ &= \text{P}[m_i \notin Q] = 0, \end{aligned}$$

where the last line comes from

$$\begin{aligned} m &= \underline{\text{dec}}_{\langle k, k' \rangle}(\langle c_i, c'_i \rangle) \\ &= \text{dec}_k(c_i) && \text{(perfect correctness of } \mathcal{E} \text{'}) \\ &= m_i && \text{(perfect correctness of } \mathcal{E} \text{).} \end{aligned}$$

Together we have

$$\text{P}[\text{Forge}_{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{ENC}}] \simeq 0$$

and thus the scheme $\underline{\mathcal{E}}$ is unforgeable. ■